



Report of Independent Auditors and
Financial Statements

Code for America Labs, Inc.

December 31, 2014

MOSS-ADAMS_{LLP}

Certified Public Accountants | Business Consultants

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

To the Board of Directors
Code for America Labs, Inc.

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Code For America Labs, Inc., (“Code for America” or the “Organization”) which comprise the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2014, and the related statement of activities and changes in net assets, functional expenses, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management’s Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor’s Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor’s judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Organization’s preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization’s internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Code for America Labs, Inc. as of December 31, 2014, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of a Matter

As described in Note 8 to the financial statements, the Organization has restated its beginning unrestricted net assets at January 1, 2014, to correct the recording of revenue in the previous period. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Mass Adams LLP

San Francisco, California
November 2, 2015

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CODE FOR AMERICA LABS, INC.
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
December 31, 2014

2014

ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,154,863
Investments		3,711
Donation and program fees receivable		626,364
Other receivable		7,993
Prepaid expenses		78,710
Furniture, equipment, and leasehold improvements, net		254,214
Other assets		100,000
Security deposit		57,825
Total assets	\$	<u>7,283,680</u>

LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS

Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	266,850
Funds held for others		21,450
Deferred revenue		5,000
Total liabilities		<u>293,300</u>
Net assets		
Unrestricted		5,764,380
Temporarily restricted		1,226,000
Total net assets		<u>6,990,380</u>
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	<u>7,283,680</u>

See accompanying notes.

CODE FOR AMERICA LABS, INC.
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS
Year Ended December 31, 2014

	2014		
	Unrestricted	Temporarily	Total
PUBLIC SUPPORT AND REVENUE			
Donations			
Individuals	\$ 178,436	\$ -	\$ 178,436
Business	1,333,960	-	1,333,960
Donations of marketable securities	254,065	-	254,065
Foundation grants	4,761,144	1,825,000	6,586,144
Program service fees	2,018,265	-	2,018,265
Donated services	276,220	-	276,220
Corporate sponsorship	455,500	-	455,500
Event sponsorship	442,300	-	442,300
Event admissions fees	78,782	-	78,782
Speaker fees	32,400	-	32,400
Contracted Services	104,455	-	104,455
Interest and gains from securities	4,574	-	4,574
Royalties	3,522	-	3,522
Net assets released from restrictions	599,000	(599,000)	-
Total public support and revenue	<u>10,542,623</u>	<u>1,226,000</u>	<u>11,768,623</u>
EXPENSES			
Program services			
CFA Fellows	4,083,157	-	4,083,157
Peer Network	1,007,382	-	1,007,382
CFA Summit	739,712	-	739,712
CFA Companies	844,323	-	844,323
CFA International	656,506	-	656,506
CFA Brigade	890,857	-	890,857
CFA Products	433,834	-	433,834
Total program services	<u>8,655,771</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>8,655,771</u>
SUPPORTING SERVICES			
Management and general	717,311	-	717,311
Fundraising	520,992	-	520,992
Total supporting services	<u>1,238,303</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,238,303</u>
Total expenses	<u>9,894,074</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>9,894,074</u>
Change in net assets	648,549	1,226,000	1,874,549
NET ASSETS , beginning of year, prior to restatement	4,144,448	-	4,144,448
Restatement (See Note 8)	971,383	-	971,383
NET ASSETS , beginning of year, as restated	<u>5,115,831</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>5,115,831</u>
NET ASSETS , end of period	<u>\$ 5,764,380</u>	<u>\$ 1,226,000</u>	<u>\$ 6,990,380</u>

See accompanying notes.

CODE FOR AMERICA LABS, INC.
STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES
Year Ended December 31, 2014

	Program Services							Supporting Services			Total	
	CFA Fellows	Peer Network	CFA Summit	Citizen Engagement	CFA Companies	CFA International	CFA Products Other	Total Program Services	Management and General	Fundraising		Total Supporting Services
Salaries & related expenses	\$ 2,347,646	\$ 456,765	\$ -	\$ 264,724	\$ 161,478	\$ 190,429	\$ -	\$ 3,421,042	\$ 1,875,543	\$ 333,612	\$ 2,209,155	\$ 5,630,197
Fellow expenses	214,701	332	24	116	241	-	564	215,978	38,468	25	38,493	254,471
Grants	-	-	-	20,000	275,000	17,500	-	312,500	-	-	-	312,500
Professional services	72,139	188,815	52,179	20,635	35,028	44,125	393,463	806,384	277,161	100,236	377,397	1,183,781
Travel and events	156,494	27,727	535,113	191,738	45,371	174,209	28,196	1,158,848	107,090	71,303	178,393	1,337,241
Donated services and professional	31,675	-	-	35,675	208,870	-	-	276,220	-	-	-	276,220
Marketing and advertising	21,745	244	128,453	17,671	6,580	11,967	1,819	188,479	16,206	9,151	25,357	213,836
Office and facilities	37,755	4,577	21,145	8,292	2,585	1,734	8,125	84,213	446,303	5,886	452,189	536,402
Other expense	17,291	6,132	2,798	9,216	1,722	1,349	1,667	40,175	108,472	779	109,251	149,426
G&A expense allocation	1,183,711	322,790	-	322,790	107,448	215,193	-	2,151,932	(2,151,932)	-	(2,151,932)	-
Total expenses	\$ 4,083,157	\$ 1,007,382	\$ 739,712	\$ 890,857	\$ 844,323	\$ 656,506	\$ 433,834	\$ 8,655,771	\$ 717,311	\$ 520,992	\$ 1,238,303	\$ 9,894,074

See accompanying notes.

CODE FOR AMERICA LABS, INC.
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
Year Ended December 31, 2014

CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Change in net assets	\$	1,874,549
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash from operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization		80,298
Realized loss on marketable securities		2,455
Net change in assets and liabilities		
Donation and program fees receivable		100,274
Other receivable		(7,993)
Prepaid expense		(43,201)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		145,292
Funds held for others		21,450
Deferred revenue		(20,000)
Deferred rent liability		(44,716)
		<hr/>
Net cash from operating activities		2,108,408

CASH FLOW (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES

Purchases of marketable securities		(6,166)
Other assets		(100,000)
Purchase of furniture, equipment, and leasehold improvements		(87,979)
		<hr/>
Net cash (used in) investing activities		(194,145)

Change in cash and cash equivalents 1,914,263

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of year

 4,240,600

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of year \$

 6,154,863

See accompanying notes.

NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATION

Code For America Labs, Inc. (“Code for America” or the “Organization”) is a not-for-profit corporation that was formed in California in 2009. Code for America Labs, Inc. helps governments become more transparent, connected, and efficient by connecting web developers with people who deliver city services. Through that process, Code for America Labs, Inc. is growing a group of fellows and technologists that have enlisted in helping local government to become more transparent, known as the “Corp.”

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of presentation – The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“GAAP”). Accordingly, net assets and revenues, gains and losses are classified based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions. The net assets of the Organization and changes therein are classified and reported as follows:

Unrestricted net assets – Net assets that are not subject to donor-imposed restrictions.

Temporarily restricted net assets – Net assets that are subject to donor-imposed restrictions that will be met either by actions of the Organization and/or the passage of time. When a donor stipulated time restriction ends or a donor-imposed restriction is met, temporarily restricted net assets are reclassified to unrestricted net assets and reported in the statement of activities as net assets released from restrictions.

Permanently restricted net assets – Net assets that are subject to donor-imposed restrictions that specify assets donated be invested to provide a permanent source of income. If the donor does not restrict the allowed use of the income, the Organization may determine the income’s availability to the Organization’s operations. The Organization had no permanently restricted net assets as of December 31, 2014.

Cash and cash equivalents – Cash and cash equivalents consist of balances on hand and on deposit in banks and other financial institutions and short-term investments. Cash on deposit in banks may be in excess of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limits. The Organization seeks to control the risk of loss by maintaining deposits with only high quality financial institutions. The Organization considers all highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less on the date of purchase to be cash equivalents.

Investments – Investments are stated at fair value based on quoted market prices, and the net unrealized appreciation or depreciation on investments is included in the change in net assets in the accompanying statement of activities. Interest and dividend income is accrued when earned.

These investment securities are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, market, and credit risk. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and such changes could materially affect account balances and the amounts reported in the statement of financial position.

Fair value measurements – The Organization carries certain assets and liabilities at fair value. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Organization classifies its financial assets and liabilities according to three levels, and maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value.

Level 1 – Quoted market prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity has the ability to access at the measurement date.

Level 2 – Observable inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability that are not corroborated by market data.

CODE FOR AMERICA LABS, INC.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Donation and program fees receivable – Donation and program fees receivable are stated at the amount management expects to collect from outstanding balances after reserves for discounts, bad debts, and allowances, taking into account past experience, contracts, history and other organizations’ ability to meet their obligations. Management provides for probable uncollectible amounts through a charge to expense and an increase to a valuation allowance based on its assessment of the current status of individual accounts. Balances that are still outstanding after management has used reasonable collection efforts are written off through a charge to the valuation allowance and a reduction of accounts receivable. Management has deemed all donations and program fees receivable collectible at December 31, 2014.

Furniture, equipment, and leasehold improvements – Furniture, equipment, and leasehold improvements are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and amortization. The Organization capitalizes all fixed assets above \$500. Depreciation and amortization are provided for in amounts sufficient to relate the cost of depreciable assets to operations over their estimated service lives using the straight-line method. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the lesser of the useful life of the asset or the term of the lease. The straight-line method is followed for all assets for financial reporting.

The estimated lives used in determining straight-line depreciation and amortization are:

Furniture	7 years
Equipment	3 to 5 years
Leasehold improvements	10 Years

Other assets – Other assets represents a future equity purchase of shares in a closely held stock in the amount of \$100,000. The Organization executed a Simple Agreement for Future Equity in which the Organization has rights to preferred shares in a closely held company. Other assets are evaluated for impairment based upon the fair value of the rights as compared to the cost. Impairment is determined based on predominant risk characteristics, such as valuation of the closely held company, internal and external factors. The Organization performs an annual impairment review of the asset. No impairment losses were recorded in 2014.

Income taxes – The Organization is considered a public charity and is exempt from Federal income tax under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Organization is exempt from state tax under State of California Revenue and Taxation Code Section 23701d, whereby only unrelated business income is subject to federal and state income tax. Since all the Organization’s income is related to its exempt purpose, no provision for income taxes has been made in the accompanying financial statements. The Organization has no unrecognized tax benefits or uncertain tax positions as of December 31, 2014. With few exceptions, the Organization is no longer subject to United States Federal or state/local income tax examinations by tax authorities for fiscal years before 2011.

Revenue recognition:

- Donations are recognized when the donor makes a documented promise to give to the Organization that is, in substance, unconditional. Conditional promises to give are recognized when the conditions on which they depend are substantially met. Unconditional promises to give due in the next year are recorded at their net realizable value. Donated marketable securities are liquidated upon receipt.
- Foundation grants that are considered to be contributions are recognized when the grant agreements are signed. The revenue is reported as unrestricted support unless the grantor has restricted the use to a specific purpose or time period. Foundation grants with payment terms in excess of one year are subject to discounting. There were no such grants at December 31, 2014.
- Program service fees relate to exchange transactions and are recognized as unrestricted revenue as milestones per the agreement have been met by the Organization.
- Donated services are recognized as revenue and a corresponding expense at their estimated value at date of receipt, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, if the services (a) create or enhance nonfinancial assets or (b) require specialized skills, are performed by people with those skills, and would otherwise be purchased by the Organization.
- Corporate sponsorship, event sponsorship, and event admissions fees are recognized when the events or programs occur.

Allocation of functional expenses – Expenses which apply to more than one functional category have been allocated to program, management and general, and fundraising based on time spent on these functions by specific employees as estimated by senior management. The remaining costs are charged directly to the appropriate functional category.

Use of estimates – In preparing financial statements in conformity with GAAP, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Significant estimates include the fair value determination of in-kind contributions, fair value determination of investments, useful lives assigned to fixed assets and functional expense allocation. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Subsequent events – Subsequent events are events or transactions that occur after the statement of financial position date but before financial statements are issued. The Organization recognizes in the financial statements the effects of all subsequent events that provide additional evidence about conditions that existed at the date of the statement of financial position, including the estimates inherent in the process of preparing the financial statements. The Organization’s financial statements do not recognize subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that did not exist at the date of the statement of financial position but arose after the statement of financial position date and before financial statements are available to be issued.

The Organization has evaluated subsequent events through November 2, 2015, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 3 – INVESTMENTS AND FAIR VALUE

On November 20, 2014, Code for America assigned its trademark rights to a closely held company (the “Company”) and executed an Office Services Agreement with the Company in exchange for 18,567 common shares as of the date of execution.

The following table presents the assets measured at fair value on the accompanying statement of financial position as of December 31, 2014, according to fair value hierarchy:

	<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Level 2</u>	<u>Level 3</u>	<u>Total</u>
Closely held stock	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,711	\$ 3,711
Total	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 3,711</u>	<u>\$ 3,711</u>

Valuation process – Fair value associated with this investment has been based on information provided by the invested company. The Chief Financial Officer and Director of Operations determines fair value measurement policies and procedures for assets and liabilities under the supervision of the Board of Directors and the Director of Operations. These policies and procedures are reassessed annually to determine if the current valuation techniques are still appropriate. A variety of qualitative factors are used to subjectively determine the most appropriate valuation methodologies, and are consistent with market, income, and cost approaches. Unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurements are evaluated, as necessary, based on current market conditions, reporting from invested company, and other third party information, including contract terms.

Level 3 investment includes closely held stock which is illiquid and there may not be a secondary market for sale of the investment. Valuation technique and inputs for the closely held stock is described below.

Closely held stock – The Organization’s closely held stock seeks capital appreciation and is dependent on the success of the Company’s business plan. Distributions from the Organization’s investment are dependent on the secondary market and the demand for such closely held stock. For this instrument, determination of fair value requires subjective assessment and varying degrees of judgment depending on liquidity, concentration, pricing assumptions, the current economic and competitive environment, and the risks affecting the specific instrument. In such circumstances, valuation is determined based on management’s own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability (including assumptions about risk).

CODE FOR AMERICA LABS, INC.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The following is a roll-forward of the amounts in the statement of financial position for the year ended December 31, 2014, (including the change in fair value), for the Level 3 amounts are in the table below:

Beginning of year, January 1, 2014	\$	-
Purchases		<u>3,711</u>
End of year, December 31, 2014	<u>\$</u>	<u>3,711</u>

From time to time investments will be transferred between Level 3 and Level 2 based on the characteristics of the investments. The Organization's policy is to recognize transfers in and transfers out at the beginning of the period in which the event or change in circumstances occurred.

While the Organization believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with those used by other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different estimate of fair value at the reporting date. Those estimated values may differ significantly from the values that would have been used had a readily available market for such assets existed, or had such assets been liquidated, and these differences could be material to the financial statements.

NOTE 4 - FURNITURE, EQUIPMENT, AND LEASHOLD IMPROVEMENTS

Furniture, equipment, and leasehold improvements at December 31, 2014, consisted of:

Furniture	\$	151,516
Equipment		244,943
Leasehold improvements		<u>37,704</u>
		434,163
Accumulated depreciation and amortization		<u>(179,949)</u>
	<u>\$</u>	<u>254,214</u>

Current period depreciation and amortization expense totaled \$80,298 for the year ended December 31, 2014.

NOTE 5 - CONCENTRATIONS

For the year ended December 31, 2014, the Organization received approximately 54% of its total public support and revenue from three foundation grants. Additionally, the Organization received approximately 47% of its total events and sponsorship fees from two different organizations.

NOTE 6 - IN-KIND CONTRIBUTIONS

The Organization entered into an agreement with two legal firms to provide services over general organization and intellectual property legal advice. The agreement allows for either party to terminate the relationship at any time with or without consent of the other party. The fair value of the donated legal services for December 31, 2014, was approximately \$35,000. The Organization also receives donated licenses, cloud credits, and other computer supplies from various third parties. The fair value of other services received for December 31, 2014, was approximately \$241,000.

NOTE 7 - OPERATING LEASES

The Organization leases office space under a non-cancelable operating lease expiring December 31, 2018. The total rental expense for the year ended December 31, 2014, for this operating lease was approximately \$341,000.

The Organization subleased a portion of its building back to the building's owners. Sublease income was \$115,103 for December 31, 2014. Sublease income is included in lease expense on the accompany statement of activities and changes in net assets.

Following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under operating leases as of December 31, 2014:

Years Ending December 31,

2015	\$	577,230
2016		594,547
2017		612,387
2018		630,697
	<u>\$</u>	<u>2,414,861</u>

NOTE 8 - PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

In previous periods reported, the Organization had been deferring program service fees and matching funds. Program service fees related to city fellowship contracts with the understanding that the income had not been earned based on specific milestones. It was subsequently determined that the criteria for revenue recognition had been met at December 31, 2013. Matching funds previously were accounted for as an exchange transaction. However, subsequent discussions with the donors clarified that these funds are unrestricted contributions. At December 31, 2013, revenue recognition had been met for both program service fees and matching funds, which resulted in an additional \$971,383 of revenue which should have been recognized. The impact to the previously issued statement of activities and changes in net assets for the six-month period ended December 31, 2013, would be an increase in program service fees, corporate sponsorship revenue, and donations by business in the amounts of approximately \$646,600, \$50,000, and \$274,750, respectively, a total increase in the changes in net assets of approximately \$971,350 for the six-month period. This restatement resulted in an increase in beginning unrestricted net assets at January 1, 2014, of approximately \$971,350 and is reflected on the accompanying statement of activities and changes in net assets.